

Liste d'éléments pédagogiques

Practical info

Location(s)

Q Toulouse





Optimisation II





Introducing

Objectives

At the end of this module, the student will have understood and be able to explain (main concepts):

- Deterministic differentiable optimisation :

Existence and unicity of optimisation problems, KKT points, Convergence of optimization algorithm, Lagrangian duality

- Discrete stochastic optimisation :

The Metropolis-Hastings algorithm, the simulated annealing algorithm, genetic algorithms.

The student will be able:

- To identify families of optimization problems

- To choose and implement suitable first and second order algorithms

- To implement a Metropolis-Hastings algorithm in order to simulate, approximately, a given discrete probability distribution on a huge finite space.

- To implement a simulated annealing algorithm in order to minimize a given function on a huge finite space.

Practical info

Location(s)

Toulouse

Necessary prerequisites

Optimisation I Markov chains and applications





Signal Processing 1





Introducing

Objectives

At the end of this module, the student will have understood and be able to explain (main concepts):

 Signal and Image processing basic notions : sampling, windowing and sampling
FFT algorithm
Basis notions on Hilbert spaces and Hilbert bases

The student will be able to:

1) Use the FFT and understand the output on a Signal or an image.

2) Apply several transformations to a signal and an image using the FFT

Practical info

Location(s)

Q Toulouse





Statistical Modelling





Introducing

Necessary prerequisites

Probability and Statistics (I2MIMT31) Statistics (I3MIMT15)

Objectives

At the end of this module, the student will have understood and be able to explain (main concepts):

-The use of statistical tests for goodness-of-fit, independence, populations comparisons

-The characteristics of a linear model and a generalized linear model, and their use for statistical modelling

At the end of this module, the student should be able to:

-Choose a test procedure suited to a given problem

-Build nonparametric test procedures to compare two populations

-Build goodness-of-fit tests for a single distribution or a family of distributions

-Choose a linear model or a generalized linear model suited to a given problem

-Estimate the parameters in a linear model and a generalized linear model

-Use statistical tests to validate or invalidate hypotheses on these linear models and generalized linear models.

-Implement a variable selection strategy

-Perform a complete statistical analysis on a real data set using a linear model or a generalized linear model

Practical info

Location(s)

Toulouse





HPC, Matrix Computations and Large Sparse Systems

Hourly volume

59h

Introducing

ECTS 4 crédits

Objectives

At the end of this module, the student will have understood and be able to explain (main concepts): Eigenproblems :

- Different eigenproblems, their conditioning and Schurz's factorization,

- Different methods for eigenvalue problems : power method, orthogonal iterations, QR method and Krylov subspace methods.

HPC :

This module is focused on the presentation of the basic mechanisms used to achieve high performance on modern computers. The language used by the students will be Python/C with which they¿II learn to implement some MPI. They will also learn to program some Krylov¿s solvers as well as the LU factorization and to efficiently solve Poisson¿s equation discretized with finite differences.

Sparse systems :

- Principle and some strategies for sparse storages,

- Principle of different projection techniques to define iterative methods for solving sparse linear systems,

- Principle of different preconditioning techniques

- Principle of some reordering techniques to solve sparse linear systems with direct methods.

The student will be able to: Eigenproblems : Understand the difficulties of a problem, and choose a method.

Paradigms and langages :

At the end of this module, students will be able to develop and to maintain Python / C software codes, to analyze applications performances and to supplement them with MPI/OpenMP directives in order to enable a parallel execution.

Sparse systems :

Chose one or a few methods adapted to a given linear system.

Necessary prerequisites

- Precedent courses on the following subjects : linear algebra, numerical analysis.

- Knowledge of the imperative programmation language main concepts (Python and C).

Practical info

Location(s)

Toulouse





Quality, security, environment





Introducing

Objectives

At the end of this module, the student will have understood and be able to explain (main concepts):

- Mains concepts and tools for ¿quality¿

- The principles and stakes in the health and in the safety at work.

- The main concepts of the IT security.

- The importance of the environmental strategy in a company.

The student will be able to:

- Integrate the aspects of Quality, Security, Environment into the analysis of problems and the development of solutions.

- Be capable of taking into account the environmental stakes and applying the principles of the sustainable development.

Practical info

Location(s)

Toulouse





Improving one's autonomy and building one's own professional project level 2 S7





Introducing

- ¿ Enrich your professional network
- ¿ Set development axes, objectives and action plans

Objectives

At the end of this module, the student will have understood and be able to explain (main concepts):

Physical and Sports Activities

The student will be able to:

to list the problems to be solved:

¿ Know the Physical and Sports Activity (rules, meaning, roles, etc.),

 $\dot{\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}}$ Design the objective of the project.

to organize:

 $\dot{\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}}$ Know the constraints, the resources, and the means available,

¿ Know how to choose and plan actions over time,

¿ Know how to get involved in the group and the project: know how to adapt, dare to stimulate action, know how to give up, propose, etc.

to regulate:

 $\grave{\boldsymbol{\epsilon}}$ Know how to observe,

 $\dot{\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}}$ Know how to carry out a balance sheet,

 $\dot{\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}}$ Know how to readjust the choices if necessary.

Individualized Professional Project

The student should be able to:

¿ Develop your professional vision and define a strategy.

¿ Customize, present and compare your project to professionals

Necessary prerequisites

Learning outcomes 1st, 2nd, 3rd year.

Practical info

Location(s)

오 Toulouse





Political sciences semester 1





Hourly volume

Practical info

Location(s)

Q Toulouse

